(XLVIIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2410.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1793.

LIVERPOOL, *January* 5.

THE national convention, we learn, have, after a moſt violent debate, confirmed the decree of baniſhment againſt every member of the Bourbon family, except thoſe confined in the temple. The perſons affected by this edict are the duke and dutcheſs of Orleans and their children, the prince of Conti, the dutcheſs of Bourbon, and the duke of Penthievre.

It ſeems as though there was no mode of accommodation left betwixt this country and France. The French effective agents are recalled, and only an apparent miniſter left. Monſieur Maret returned to Paris on Tueſday, and Monſieur Noel will leave us in a few days.

The national convention of France have paſſed a decree, that in all the countries which are or ſhall be occupied by their armies, the generals ſhall immediately proclaim, in the name of the republic, the abolition of former contributions, of nobility, of ſtature labour, feudal, caſual, and manorial rights, real and perſonal ſervitude, tythes, and all privileges, and of the exclusive right of fiſhing and hunting.

No leſs than eighteen biſhops of the catholic church of France, are now reſident in England.

A very rich ſeam of coal was diſcovered on Wedneſday laſt, at St. Catharine's, within three miles of Edinburgh. The petroleum of the famous Balmwell iſſued from this coal.

The devaſtation at ſea, by the late ſtormy weather is tremendous. Many veſſels have been ſtranded, or totally ſwallowed up by that devouring element, and the details of diſtreſs ſuffered by the ſurviving mariners is ſuch, as to claim the tear of commiſeration from every heart capable of humane feelings.

The late high winds have been very bitterly felt by ſome of the gentlemen of Lloyd's coffee-houſe. It is computed, that the loſſes during the laſt week only, in ſhips inſured there, amount to 200,000l. One ſhip, from London to Hamburg, loſt near Crookhaven, was worth 30,000l. and another ſhip, from Amſterdam to Hamburg, principally laden with the remnants of the property of the French emigrants who ſought refuge in Flanders, and worth 40,000l. it is feared are loſt.

On Saturday afternoon laſt an elegant dreſſed *effigy*, of the *great* and *mighty* THOMAS PAINE, Eſq; member of the national convention of France, and formerly a ſtaymaker and exciſeman in England, was carried in much ſtate through moſt of the principal ſtreets in this town, attended by drums, fifes and colours. A little after five o'clock the cavalcade proceeded to the front of the Exchange, where a *chimney-ſweeper* marched up in *ſolemn* form to the malefactor, as the *mock* clergyman who was ſuppoſed to attend him—After *pretending* to converſe with him for ſome time, the ſooty *clerical* concluded with the following words, uttered in an audible tone—

For propagating doctrines fraught with evil,
Thy body ſeeks the flames, thy ſoul the devil!

He was then ſet on fire amidſt the loud huzzas of the populace, who choſe that method as the moſt expreſſive they could deviſe to teſtify their contempt for a character who has ſo juſtly merited the deteſtation and provoked the reſentment of all peaceable and well diſpoſed people. A few groans of diſapprobation broke involuntarily forth, from a few individuals who could not forbear feeling ſome diſtreſs at the indignity with which their *prophet, prieſt and king*, was treated.

An aſſociation of the moſt reſpectable characters in Dublin has been formed under the name of friends to the conſtitution, liberty, and peace. They held their firſt meeting at the King's-Arms tavern, Fownes's-ſtreet, on Friday laſt, his grace the duke of Leinſter in the chair, when they agreed on an addreſs to the people of Ireland—which breathes a ſpirit at once of patriotiſm and moderation that reflects high honour on the principles and temper of the body.

A proclamation has been iſſued in Ireland, laying an embargo upon all ſhips or veſſels laden within the ports of the kingdom of Ireland, with corn, flour, meal, malt, beef, pork, tallow, or any other naval ſtores. The ſaid embargo, however, does not extend to any ſhip or veſſel laden in the ports of Ireland, with oats or oatmeal for exportation, to any port in Great-Britain, or to any veſſel laden with any of the before-mentioned articles to be carried coaſtways from any port in Ireland to any other port in the ſame kingdom.

A proclamation ſimilar to that in this country, forbidding the exportation of arms or ammunition, has alſo been publiſhed in Ireland.

Private letters from Bilboa, of the 15th of December, inform us, that the French Jacobins had attempted to introduce weapons of aſſaſſination into Spain.

A veſſel from France arrived there, laden with a great number of cheſts, which the captain declared were full of ſcythes to be uſed in the woods. One of theſe cheſts having ſlipt from ſome of the people, who were unloading them, burſt by its fall, and a quantity of ſword blades fell out. This diſcovery led them to open the others, where, inſtead of icythes, they found ſabres, pogniards, and every ſpecies of deſtructive inſtruments, many of which being made in a ſingular manner, terrified the ſpectators. The officers of the place immediately put the captain of the veſſel into irons, as well as the merchant to whom this ſtrange cargo was addreſſed; and they ſeized the whole. Some days prior to this, a French hair-dreſſer had been ſtopped, who was hawking about as a pedler, papers of an incendiary nature. Theſe letters mention alſo, that two other hair-dreſſers from the ſame place, were taken up at Madrid for a ſimilar offence a few days before.

BOSTON, *February* 27.

Extract of a letter from the Cape of Good Hope.

"The Dutch company have ſent commiſſioners to this place, who have made alterations in the government, which will conſiderably affect the trade of it. The inhabitants have leave to own ſhips, which they may fit out as whalemen, or ſend to any part of India, except the Molucca iſlands; but no foreigners are allowed to diſpoſe of any merchandiſe here, or to purchaſe any thing from the inhabitants, except the productions of the Cape."

War between France and Great-Britain is, in Europe, deemed inevitable. At the date of our laſt accounts, the utmoſt warlike preparations were making in England.—Particularly a large fleet, which was getting in readineſs to ſail for the Weſt-Indies under the command of the duke of Clarence. The general expectation of the Engliſh is, that the French iſlands will prove an eaſy conqueſt to the Britiſh arms, owing to the diſaffection of the planters to the new order of things in France, and to the inſurrections which have raged in many of them.

If our recollection ſerves, there is an article in the treaty of alliance between France and the United States, ſtipulating that, in caſe the French iſlands ſhould be attacked by a foreign enemy, the United States ſhould furniſh a ſubſidy of five thouſand men, to be paid, fed, and cloathed by France. Should the Britiſh therefore attack thoſe iſlands, the United States cannot remain entirely neuter—although policy dictates neutrality.

We learn from Europe, that the houſe of Hope, and another reputable banking-houſe in Amſterdam, have purchaſed the whole debt due to France, by the United States; and that the funds of the United States were riſing.

PITTSBURGH, *March* 2.

We hear that colonel Ebenezer Sproat, of Marietta, is appointed adjutant-general in the army of the United States,

And that brigadier-general Putnam has reſigned.

In a former paper we mentioned, that colonel Procter had left this town for Fort Franklin, &c. We, however, underſtand he is at Legionville, and preſume, from the accounts which we hear has been received from the Cornplanter, it will be moſt prudent for him to delay his viſit to that quarter for ſome time.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 9.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Port-au-Prince, dated January 31, *to his friend in Boſton.*

"The riſe of ſugar is occaſioned by the plantations being ſet on fire, and a revolt of the negroes, who have been heretofore peaceable, till within theſe ten days paſt; and now there is a general inſurrection throughout this part of the iſland—there marched out yeſterday 1500 men, and 400 light-horſe; ſince which there has not been any accounts of their progreſs; but there has been an inceſſant firing kept up all day—nothing further to acquaint you of, only that buſineſs is ſtagnated, and American produce twenty per cent. cheaper than at Boſton!"

The reſignation of Mr. Jefferſon was ſome time ſince talked of as about to take place ſoon; we have lately heard, through a very reſpectable channel, and communicate it with pleaſure, that he is not to reſign. [Gen. Adv.]

At the celebration of the preſident's birth-day, in Salem, Maſſachuſetts, a ſubſcription was propoſed for the relief of impriſoned debtors; but on inquiry it was found that there was *not one* in the county of Eſſex.—That county contains nearly ſixty thouſand inhabitants.

March 13. Captain Amiot, who left Cette, a French port in the Mediterranean, about the middle of January, informs, that naval warlike preparations were going on with great activity in the ſouthern ſeaports. A fleet of ſmall veſſels was equipping at Toulon, intended, it was generally believed, for an attack on the iſland of Sardinia. Sentiments were divided as to the probable iſſue of the king's trial; but the moſt general opinion was, that final judgment would be referred to, and be paſſed upon him by the primary aſſemblies—Apprehenſions were entertained for his life, from the well known anti-royal propenſity of the Pariſians. It was however hoped, that the forces aſſembled in the capital from [illegible] departments, would be ſufficient to preſerve order and ſecure the execution of the deciſion of the national convention.

By the ſeveral arrivals of laſt week from Europe and the Weſt-Indies, the intelligence communicated to us may be compriſed in a few words. When the laſt ſhip left Liverpool, things were in nearly the ſame ſituation as has been repreſented by the accounts already publiſhed—no declaration of war by Great-Britain againſt France, although naval preparations were going forward with vigour.

By letters from Holland to this city, it is ſaid that the Dutch have compromiſed with the French and conſented to the opening of the Scheldt; and that an amicable treaty was on the carpet; if this ſhould be the fact, and that the Dutch and French are become allies, the armaments of Great-Britain will have no other object to operate upon, than their own internal diſcontents.

Accounts from Cape-François, ſay that the negroes were coming in every day, and affairs wore a very peaceable aſpect: But we are ſorry to mention, that the ſituation of the country about Port-au-Prince, is not yet in ſo tranquil a ſituation as could be deſired.

Letters from Ireland mention, that "there is a proſpect of very troubleſome times in that iſland the enſuing ſpring and ſummer. The people are inceſſantly crying for liberty, a grant of more equal rights, and a more tolerable means of ſubſiſtence than is at preſent the caſe among the body of the people; the lower claſſes of Iriſh being univerſally allowed by all travellers to be the moſt oppreſſed of any people in Europe, and that in one of the moſt fertile iſlands in the world. With a view to give efficacy to their juſt demand of more equal rights, fifteen thouſand men have armed and accoutred themſelves in the north, and thirteen thouſand in and about Dublin. Their general badge is the cap of liberty, and a motto, expreſſive of the genuine wiſh of every honeſt Hibernian to be freed from the domination of kings and royaliſts, whoſe glory is founded on the baſis of oppreſſion, and to maintain the ſplendour of whoſe families and *ſatellites* (the nobility) the face of the earth is literally bathed with tears."

We hear from New-York, that a very ſudden and terrible hurricane of wind happened there on the 5th inſtant. It blew firſt from north, and ſoon afterwards N. W.—Several boats that were on the oyſter banks were unfortunately loſt in ſcudding before this tornado; the whole number of people drowned is not yet aſcertained, eight are known to be loſt, who have moſtly left diſtreſſed families.

Died at Groton, in Connecticut, on the 10th of February, Mrs. —— Smith (relict of Nathan Smith, Eſquire, late of that town) in the 88th year of her age. Her offſpring are ten children, 84 grand children, 222 great grand children, and fourteen of the fifth generation—total 330.

A few days ſince Mr. Lazarus Beach (of Connecticut) preſented to the Muſeum in New-York, a quire of paper, made at his paper mill in the town of Danbury, which the hotteſt fire would not conſume.

Advices from Martinico and Guadaloupe ſay, that the governors of both thoſe iſlands have fled, and taken with them a ſeventy-four gun ſhip, a frigate of forty guns, a ſloop of war of twenty guns, and ſeveral tenders. It is not known to what quarter they are gone.

Extract of a letter from Maſon county, Kentucky, January 24.

"If an early campaign takes place we ſhall find relief—otherwiſe, we ſhall have a bad ſummer. I have juſt returned from Lexington, where I had an opportunity of hearing the people's opinion of the war, and it is ſuppoſed, by the beſt judges, that, with proper encouragement, an army of 2000 of the beſt woodſmen in the ſtate may be brought to action this ſummer. It is high time that a deciſive ſtroke was made."

BERMUDA, *December* 22.

By the laſt accounts from Martinique, we find they were in the greateſt confuſion imaginable there owing to the rage of the two parties; one day, they are for the old conſtitution; the next, they alter, and commit the moſt daring outrage, by putting to death, by the moſt excruciating tortures, many worthy characters.—Two of their prieſts were tied to horſes lately, and by that means torn to pieces.——The prieſts among the French, who uſed to be held in the greateſt veneration, are now perſecuted and murdered every where.—Fifteen hundred perſons lately eſcaped to Dominique. In Guadaloupe their only wiſh is to be taken under the Britiſh government.

Dec. 29. Put in here the brig Brutus, captain Lacole, from Nantes, bound to Charleſton; ſhe ſprung a leak, and muſt unload to repair.

Jan. 12. Put in here in diſtreſs, having carried away her maſt, the American ſloop Eliza, Jeremiah

Tatem, master, from Philadelphia, bound to St. Croix.

And on Wednesday put in here, the American ship Atlantic, Hugh Wilson, master, from Virginia, bound to Lisbon, laden with wheat, having sprung a leak, and must unload. This ship had a miraculous escape, for she had just let go her anchor as a most extraordinary and violent gust of wind came on, which blew with incredible fury about a quarter of an hour—Had it continued many minutes longer, every vessel and boat in this harbour must have been destroyed. The wind was then at south.

CHARLESTON, *February* 24.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in England, dated December 25, 1792.

"It is now very generally believed, that France and Spain have recently entered into an alliance offensive and defensive. Preparations for war still go on busily here, and many think that war between this country and France will soon commence; possibly it may be so, but I cannot but think that the above-mentioned alliance will cause us to hesitate and deliberate further before we take a step that appears to be of so dangerous tendency; for it is not at all improbable, that if France and Spain are united, Holland would throw itself into the scale, in which case we would have too much to contend with. Thus circumstanced, though war is extremely probable, yet, I cannot but think, from the known temper and prudence of the people of this country, that peace will still be preserved. The French are conquering wherever they go, they have just subdued the dutchy of Gueldres."

By the brig Favourite, captain Orn, we are informed, that at the time of his sailing, which was about the middle of January, preparations for war were still carrying on in England—that houses of rendezvous were opened for the entering of seamen—that a fifty gun ship, with several frigates, have been sent to block up the Scheld, and that an agent had been dispatched to the national convention of France, to require that they liberate Louis XVI. and grant him a suitable establishment for his maintenance during life.

The British prints teem with resolutions of numerous public meetings held in various parts of England, expressive of their loyalty and attachment to the present constitution of Great-Britain, consisting of king, lords and commons, and of their determination to give a vigorous and hearty support to the executive government, in counteracting the numerous efforts of sedition, to suppress all tumults or riots, and to bring legal punishment on all persons concerned in publishing seditious writings.

NORFOLK, *February* 27.

On Monday last arrived at this port the ship Sally, from Rotterdam, which place she left the 4th of January. By this vessel we learn, that Dumourier had resigned, in consequence of his bills being protested by the national convention, and their censuring his losing 6000 men before Mons—and that a heavy gale of wind had happened on the 11th day of December, when upwards of forty vessels were lost in the Texel, among which were three Americans.

March 9.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, January 14.

"This country is arming fast. Orders have been issued for having thirty sail of the line in readiness.—Portugal is likewise arming, and by the last post from England, it was thought war would soon be declared there against France. American bottoms are much wanted here for charter. Insurance on English, from this to London, is got up to six per cent. This country has at present 100,000 men on the frontiers to guard them from the French, who threatened some incursions, but now the dread is almost vanished."

BALTIMORE, *March* 14.

Yesterday arrived here from Oporto, Portugal, which place he left the 10th of February, captain Pell, of the ship Eagle, who informs, that the day previous to his departure the post had brought intelligence that the KING OF FRANCE WAS BEHEADED, and that the report was current there, and generally believed.

We learn that colonel Tatham, who has been some time on the execution of a neat and accurate map of the southern states, under the patronage of the legislature of Virginia, has lately set out from Petersburg, on a tour through the several counties on the south side of James river, for the purpose of procuring surveys and other geographical materials in this useful pursuit.

ANNAPOLIS, *March* 21.

Extract of a letter from an American now in Liverpool, dated December 31, 1792.

"I think there is every prospect of a war, if not a revolution. Thomas Paine's effigy was burnt here by one hundred of the worst looking vagrants I ever saw—not one decent person amongst them."

The following notice is copied from a Petersburg (Virginia) paper of the 21st ult.

"The consul of the French republic informs the *descendants of French families* in this country, that on the 21st of September, 1792, the national assembly enacted, on the proposal of citizen la Grevole, "that the executive power shall, without delay, enroll the names of the French families, which were persecuted on account of religion by Louis XIV. in order that they may recover their property so unjustly confiscated."

"The consul will send to France, with the utmost pleasure, the claims and grievances of his brethren.—The citizen consul,

M. A. B. MANGOURIT.

Jan. 24, 1793, and first of the French republic.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

The following PROMOTIONS *and* APPOINTMENTS *have been made in the legion of the United States, during the second session of the second congress.*

GENERAL STAFF.

Appointments.

Thomas Posey, of Virginia, Brigadier-General, vice Rufus Putnam, resigned.

Michael Rudulph, Adjutant and Inspector, vice Winthrop Sargeant, declined.

CAVALRY.

Robert Mc. Campbell,	Captain,	vice Stake,	resigned.
William Aylett Lee,	do.	vice Rogers,	do.
Solomon Van Renselaer,	Lieut.	vice Davidson,	do.
James Taylor,	do.	vice Campbell,	promoted.
Leonard Covington,	do.	vice Lee,	do.

Appointments.

George H. Dunn,	Cornet,	vice Renselaer,	do.
Abraham Jones,	do.	vice Taylor,	do.
Daniel Torrey,	do.	vice Covington,	do.

FIRST SUB-LEGION.

John F. Hamtramck, Lieut. Col. commandant.

Thomas Doyle,	Major,	vice Call,	deceased.
Thomas Hughes,	do.	vice Asheton,	resigned.
Cornelius R. Sedam,	Captain,	vice Montfort,	killed.
John Jeffers,	do.	vice Denny,	resigned.
Abner Prior,	do.		
Asa Hartshorne,	do.	vice M'Pherson,	do.
Jacob Melcher,	do.	vice Doyle,	promoted.
Ross Bird,	Lieutenant,	vice Sedam,	do.
Hastings Marks,	do.	vice Jeffers,	do.
Wm. H. Harrison,	do.	vice Prior,	do.
Robert Hunter,	do.	vice Hartshorne,	do.
Lewis Bond,	do.	vice Melcher,	do.
John Whistler,	do.		

SECOND SUB-LEGION.

David Strong, Lieut. Col. Commandant.

Thomas Hunt,	Major,	vice Hamtramck,	promoted.
John Mills,	do.	vice Strong,	do.
John H. Buell,	do.		
Cornelius Lyman,	Captain,	vice Platt,	cashiered.
Richard S. Howe,	do.	vice Hughes,	promoted.
Richard H. Greaton,	do.	vice Hunt,	do.
Russel Bissell,	do.	vice Mills,	do.
Joseph Dickinson,	do.	vice Buell,	do.
Edward Miller,	do.	vice Cass,	do.
Edward D. Turner,	Lieut.	vice Sohier,	deceased.
Theodore Sedgwick,	do.	vice Lyman,	promoted.
John Sullivan,	do.	vice Howe,	do.
Andrew Marschalk,	do.	vice Greaton,	do.
William Marts,	do.	vice Bissell,	do.
John Lowrey,	do.	vice Dickinson,	do.
Andrew M'Clary,	do.	vice Miller,	do.

THIRD SUB-LEGION.

Jonathan Cass,	Major,	vice Clark,	promoted.
Aaron Gregg,	Lieutenant,	vice Cummins,	do.
John Polhemus,	do.	vice Cochran,	resigned.
John Steele,	do.	vice Gough,	declined.

FOURTH SUB-LEGION.

John Clark, Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant.

Benjamin Price,	Captain,	vice Wells,	deceased.
Henry De Butts,	do.	vice Stephenson,	resigned.
William Diven,	Lieutenant,	vice Price,	promoted.
Peter Grayson,	do.	vice De Butts,	do.

SURGEON'S MATES.

Appointments.

John Hamill,	Pennsylvania.
Charles Watrous,	Connecticut.
Samuel Boyd,	Pennsylvania.
Elihu Lyman,	Georgia.

The President of the United States, by virtue of the powers vested in him by law, has established the following organization of the troops of the United States.

The commissioned officers herein after designated, together with the non commissioned officers, musicians and privates, authorised by law, amounting to 5,120, are to be denominated

The Legion of the United States.

Which is to be divided into four sub-legions.

The Legionary Staff.

1 Major-General, or Legionary-General—2 Aids-de-Camp, 2 Brigadiers General, 2 Aids-de-Camp, 1 Adjutant and Inspector, 1 Major Commandant of Cavalry, 1 Major Commandant of Artillery, 1 Quarter-Master, 1 Deputy Quarter-Master, 1 Surgeon, 1 Chaplain.

The Sub-Legion.

Each Sub-Legion to consist of the Officers herein after named, and 1280 non-commissioned Officers, Musicians and Privates, to wit:

Field.

1 Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant.

Staff.

1 Sub-Legionary Major and Inspector, 1 Quarter-Master, 1 Surgeon.

One Troop of Dragoons, consisting of

1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 1 Cornet, 6 Sergeants, 6 Corporals, 1 Farrier, 1 Saddler, 1 Trumpeter, 65 Dragoons.

One Company of Artillery, to consist of

1 Captain, 2 Lieutenants, 4 Sergeants, 4 Corporals, 2 Music, 50 Privates, including ten Artificers.

Two Battalions of Infantry, and one Battalion of Riflemen, each consisting of

1 Major, 1 Adjutant, 1 Quarter-Master, 1 Surgeon's Mate, 1 Sergeant Major, 1 Quarter-Master Sergeant, 1 senior Musician.——And

Four Companies, each to consist of

1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 1 Ensign, 6 Sergeants, 6 Corporals, 2 Music, 81 Privates.

N. B. The Rifle Companies, one Bugler and eighty-two Privates.

One Troop Dragoons,		82
One Company Artillery,		82
Four Companies Rifle—95 each,		380
Eight do. Infantry do.		760
Aggregate,		1280
		4
The Legion of the United States,		5120
Non-commissioned, Musicians and Privates,		

Summary View of the General, Field, Commissioned, and Staff Officers, of the Legion of the United States.

GENERAL STAFF.

1 Major General, or Legionary-General—2 Brigadiers General, 1 Adjutant, 1 Quarter-Master, 1 Deputy-Quarter-Master, 1 Surgeon, 1 Chaplain.

FIELD.

4 Lieutenant-Colonels Commandant, 14 Majors.

COMMISSIONED.

56 Captains, 60 Lieutenants, 48 Ensigns, 4 Cornets.

MEDICAL STAFF.

4 Surgeons, 12 Surgeon's Mates, 6 Surgeons Mates for garrison duty and extra service.

N. B. The Aids-de-Camp are included in the number of commissioned officers.

The subscribers will offer for SALE, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 3d of APRIL next, at Upper-Marlborough,

THREE HUNDRED ACRES, a part of a tract of LAND called PERRY WOOD, the property of ADDISON MURDOCK, Esquire, the better half of this land is uncleared, and well timbered, it has also the advantage of an excellent mill seat, on a constant stream, together with thirty or forty acres of meadow ground, which may be easily reclaimed. Mr. John Ridgeway, living on the premises, will shew the land to any person who may apply. The terms will be made known on the day of sale, by

GARLAND CALLIS,
ANTHONY ADDISON,
AND
CLEMENT BROOKE, } Trustees.

10 2 7/6

Agreeable to an order from the orphans court, of Prince-George's county, will be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 30th instant,

TWO NEGRO WOMEN and one MAN, late the property of DANIEL PAGE, deceased. The sale to begin at twelve o'clock, when the terms will be made known, by

VIRLINDA STRICKLAND, Adm'x.

March 2d, 1793. 10 7/6

The high bred imported Horse

PAYMASTER,

WILL stand this season to cover mares at Surney, on South river, at eight dollars for each mare, and one dollar to the groom, the money to be sent with the mares and paid before they are covered.

Paymaster was imported last summer from England by col. Stone, he is seven years old, a fine bay, full fifteen and an half hands high, well marked with white, strong, boney, active and well formed, and in high perfection.

Paymaster was got by Old Paymaster, his dam by Truncheon, his grand-dam by Regulus, his great-grand-dam by Eatby's Snake, his great-great-grand-dam by Old Partner, his great-great-great-grand-dam by Croft's Egyptian, his great-great-great-great-grand-dam by Vestall's Turk, out of Trumpet's dam.

JOHN CRAGGS.

Good pasturage for mares at half a dollar per week, and the best care taken of them, but I will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

Col. Stone J. CRAGGS.

In CHANCERY, March 15, 1793.

Georg Shover & Barbara Stukey, Executors of Simon Stukey, against Richard Barnes and Evan Shelby.

THE said complainants having filed a bill in this court for the purpose of obtaining a decree, to vest in them a complete title to such part of the tract of land, called the MOUNTAIN of WALES, in Washington county, adjoining the land, called LONG MEADOW, as will make the quantity of one hundred and fifty acres, contracted to be conveyed by Evan Shelby to Simon Stukey, deceased; and the said bill stating that the said Evan Shelby, late of Washington county, has removed out of the state to parts unknown, and a subpœna against him been returned *non est* by the sheriff of Washington county; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that this court will proceed to such decree, as the equity of the case may require, unless the said Shelby shall appear in this court, on or before the first day of July next, for the purpose of defending this suit; provided the complainants give notice of their application to this court, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted three weeks successively in the Maryland Gazette, before the last day of April next.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation, some time in February last, a small bay MARE, nine or ten years old, about twelve hands and a half high, a natural pacer, with no perceivable brand. The owner may have her again by proving property, paying charges, and making application to

HELLEN SCOTT.

Elk-Ridge, March, 10 7/6

THE subscriber being appointed trustee by the high court of chancery, for the purpose of selling and conveying the real estate of the late EDWARD GREEN, sen. of Charles county, deceased, for the payment of his just debts, hereby gives notice, in pursuance of the said decree, to the creditors of said Green, to exhibit their claims with vouchers in support thereof, to the said court without delay.

HENRY H. CHAPMAN.

Charles county, March 14th, 1793.

In CHANCERY, March 10, 1793.

ON the application to the chancellor, by a petition in writing, of WILLIAM LEIGH, an insolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and offering, agreeably to the said act, to deliver up, to the use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal, and mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a list of his creditors, and a schedule of his property, so far as he can ascertain, on oath, being annexed to the said petition; it is thereupon by the chancellor adjudged and ordered, that the said William Leigh appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, on the twenty-ninth day of May next, for the purpose of taking, in the presence of such of his creditors as shall attend in person, or by their agents or attorneys, the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property as aforesaid, and that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors of his application aforesaid, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette four weeks successively before the eighteenth day of May next.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

JUST PUBLISHED.

And to be sold at the Printing-Office,

Price seven shillings and six-pence,

The LAWS OF MARYLAND,

Passed November session, 1792.

ALSO,

The Votes & Proceedings OF BOTH HOUSES OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

St. Mary's county, March 5, 1793.

THE subscriber hereby forewarns all persons from hunting with dogs or gun, or in any manner passing through her plantation, and from trespassing on the same, or her shores, as she is determined to prosecute them to the utmost rigour of the law.

RUTHY STONE.

Robert Johnson,

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to inform the public, that he has for SALE, at his STORE on the DOCK, the following articles, viz.

PORT, LISBON, TENERIFFE, } WINE.
FRENCH BRANDY,
APPLE, ditto.
BARBADOES and ANTIGUA SPIRIT,
WEST INDIA and N. ENGLAND RUM,
GIN, by the case or smaller quantity,

With a variety of other articles in the GROCERY line, which he will sell very low for CASH.

N. B. Bargains may be had at the above store, in DRY GOODS, of almost every discription, the property of JOHNSON and HARWOOD, as they wish to close their concern.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends applying to the next county court of Allegany county, which will be held in the month of April next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called DISPUTE, situate in the county aforesaid, and adjoining the lands of David Ross, James Maccubbin Lingan and John Nichols.

LENOX MARTIN.

Frederick-town, February 12, 1793.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP of JOHNSON and HARWOOD, was by mutual consent dissolved on the 31st of December last. All persons indebted thereto, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment to Robert Johnson, who is authorised to settle the affairs of the company.

R. JOHNSON,
J. HARWOOD.

14th February, 1793.

THE COMMISSIONERS of the federal buildings want to employ FOUR SETS of SAWYERS, immediately in the city of Washington; one set to be well acquainted with sawing mahogany. Application to be made to Mr. JAMES HOBEN, in the city. As the employment will be steady, it may therefore be an object.

George-town, December [illegible], 1792.

In CHANCERY, March 7, 1793.

WHEREAS most of the persons appointed by the chancellor trustees for the benefit of the creditors of such insolvent debtors as have made application to him agreeably to an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1791, and the supplement thereto, passed at the succeeding session, and also an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1792, have neglected to apply to the chancellor for directions relative to the sale of the property delivered up by such insolvent debtors, the chancellor hath thought proper to pass this general order, viz.

That in every case, where property delivered up by any insolvent debtor agreeably to any of the acts aforesaid, is unincumbered by mortgage, trust or otherwise, the trustee shall proceed, without delay, to sell the same at public auction, after giving at least fourteen days notice of the time, place and terms of sale, by advertisement inserted in some convenient news-paper, and set up at convenient public places.

That where the price of the property sold to any purchaser shall not exceed five pounds current money, the purchaser shall pay ready money.

That where the price shall be more than five pounds, and under fifty pounds, the purchaser shall give bond to the trustee, as such, with security (if required) for paying the purchase money, with interest, within one year from the time of sale.

That where the price shall exceed fifty pounds, the purchaser shall give bond as aforesaid, with security, for paying one half of the purchase money, with interest, within one year, and the residue, with interest, within two years from the time of sale.

That in any case, where the property of an insolvent debtor as aforesaid is incumbered with a mortgage, trust or otherwise, the chancellor, on application of the mortgagee, or other person having the lien, will pass an order for the sale of the property so incumbered, on credit or otherwise, as shall seem just and proper, directing that the neat product of the sale be applied, in the first place, to the discharge of the incumbrance.

That each trustee as aforesaid, as soon as conveniently may be after any sale, shall make out and return to the chancellor, with an affidavit of the truth thereof annexed, a full and accurate account of his proceedings relative to such sale, and likewise a list of the claims which have to him, as trustee, been exhibited; and that all trustees of insolvent debtors, under the direction of the chancellor, *who have already made sale*, shall also make out and return an account and list as aforesaid.

That the thirty first day of December next be hereby limitted and appointed, on or before which day the creditors of any insolvent debtor aforesaid shall bring in and declare their claims to the trustee, provided the said trustee give notice of such limitation, by advertisement inserted three weeks successively in the Maryland Gazette, or in the news-papers of Goddard and Angell, before the last day of June next.

ORDERED, That the above order be inserted immediately in four successive news-papers of Messrs. Goddard and Angell, and four weeks successively in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber is very sorry to observe, that little or no attention has been paid to the repeated applications made to those persons indebted for dealings at John Petty and Co.'s late stores at Queen-Anne, Lower-Marlborough and Port-Tobacco; he therefore ONCE MORE gives public notice, that all those debtors that don't pay their accounts this spring, will have suits commenced against them without distinction.

To be Sold,

On the most reasonable Terms, together or separate,

THE whole of the MERCHANDISE now in the stores at Port-Tobacco and Lower-Marlborough belonging to the late partnership of John Petty and Co. For terms, apply to

JOHN PETTY.

Annapolis, March 4, 1793.

A most excellent

TAN YARD,

To be rented or leased,

On Patuxent river, twelve miles from Annapolis and six from Queen-Anne.

THIS YARD is in good order, has twelve vats and three or four limes and shifters; there are a dwelling house, mill house, tan house, currying shop, other necessary houses, and a good cellar and yard.—This yard is in a good neighbourhood for getting bark; there are from five to six hundred hides taken in for the present year, and an opportunity of buying a great quantity. Any persons inclinable to rent or lease, are requested to apply as soon as possible, that they may engage their bark, and advertise against the next fall.

PHILEMON BROWN.

Anne-Arundel county, March 4, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I shall attend at Mr. Ignatius Simpson's in Port-Tobacco, on Tuesday the 23d of April next, in order to pay each creditor their proportional part of the estate of JAMES FARNANDIS, late of Charles county, deceased; such persons who neglect this notice will be excluded from their dividend of said estate.

CHLOE FARNANDIS, Executrix.

February 25, 1793.

TAKEN up by the subscriber at the mouth of Patapsco river, a small BOAT, about fifteen feet keel, her upper works painted green, she has a new piece lately put in her, her rudder and tiller were inside of her and likewise three oars, a ring bolt at head and stern. The owner is desired to come prove property, pay charges and take her away.

BENJAMIN BUTCHER.

Anne-Arundel county, February 6, 1793.

Ten Pounds Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 12th inst. a negro man named WILL, about 23 years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high; had on, when he went away, a round felt hat, osnabrig shirt and trousers, and a course cloth over jacket, short and round, he had other cloaths with him, which cannot well be described, he is black, of a very dark complexion, full faced, and has a remarkable fine set of teeth, he is slow of speech, and rather awkward in his manners, is a tolerable good blacksmith, but has never worked as foreman of a shop; he was formerly the property of Henry May, late of this county, blacksmith. This fellow was taken out of gaol at Alexandria, in Virginia, about eight days ago, but has since made his escape; when he was apprehended he had a forged pass in his possession, and it is expected he may have procured another. Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to me, or secures him in any gaol so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward.

RICHARD BEARD.

N. B. It is probable this fellow may endeavour to pass for a free man, as there are many free blacks passing about the country; when he went to Alexandria his intention was to have made his escape by water, I therefore forewarn all masters of vessels, and others, from harbouring or concealing him at their peril, if they should they may expect to be dealt with agreeably to law.

R. B.

Anne-Arundel county, June 20, 1792.

To be SOLD, on credit, At Private Sale,

THAT valuable and well improved FARM, late the residence of Mr. WILLIAM ATKINSON, deceased, pleasantly situated on West river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing 410¾ acres. There is on this farm a genteel dwelling house, in complete order for the immediate reception of a family, and also every necessary out-building. The land is well wooded, and has on it a well of very good water; 85 bushels of wheat were seeded on it last fall. The purchaser may have the stock on the plantation upon reasonable terms. Possession will be given in time to go on with a crop. For further particulars inquire of

F. GREEN, J. CLAPHAM, } Executors.

All persons having claims against the estate of Mr. William Atkinson, are earnestly requested to make them known immediately, and those indebted to make speedy payment, to the executors.

THE subscriber will sell, upon a credit of three years, a valuable lot of GROUND, containing four acres, in the town of Lower Marlborough. This lot is well improved with a framed dwelling house with brick chimnies at each end, and good rooms below and above stairs, and an excellent cellar with stone walls under the house. There are also upon the lot a framed store house, a stable and some fruit trees. The lot is situated upon Patuxent river, and has the privilege of having wharfs extended into the river. He has for sale, upon the same credit, two other lots of ground, adjoining each other, upon one of which stood the public inspecting house, and where there is at present a tolerable good wharf. Captain Thomas Harwood, who resides in the town, will shew the lots to any person inclined to purchase, who, for further terms, may apply to me at the mouth of Patuxent river, in Calvert county.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

PLANS OF THE City of Washington,

To be SOLD, at the Printing-Office,

Price, half a Dollar.

JOHN WELSH,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

Corn-hill-street, Annapolis,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has lately received a quantity of the best boot legs and best soles, and a general assortment of sole and upper leather; he intends to carry on the above business in its various branches, in the most fashionable manner and on the lowest terms; those who please to favour him with their commands may depend on their being complied with. Orders from the country will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

N. B. As he intends to embark for Europe by the 15th March he hopes those indebted to him by bond, note, or open account, will come and discharge the same, and those who have claims against him are requested to bring them in that they may be settled.

February [illegible], 1793.

Edward J. Pryse,

SADLER AND HARNESS-MAKER,

CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS,

TAKES this method of informing the public, that he carries on the ſaddle and harneſs buſineſs, as his father formerly did, and flatters himſelf that all thoſe gentlemen who favoured his father with their cuſtom will be pleaſed to continue it with him, as he is determined to render every ſatisfaction that lays in his power. He has on hand an aſſortment of ready made ſaddles, harneſs, ſaddle-bags, bridles, ſaddle-clothes, &c. all which he will ſell on the loweſt terms. Orders from the country will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

March 7, 1793. 3X

To the PUBLIC.

PROPOSALS

For Eſtabliſhing a Circulating Library

In the City

OF

ANNAPOLIS.

THE utility of ſo extenſive a library, as this is propoſed to be, for profit and pleaſure, as well for the citizens as the ſtudents at this grand ſeminary of learning, needs no comment.

It is propoſed that books ſhall be purchaſed, to compoſe the library, in Europe, to the amount of 1000 guineas, that they ſhall conſiſt of the lateſt editions of law, phyſic, divinity, hiſtory, ſcience, eſſays, and works of eminent writers, purchaſed to the beſt advantage, and the librarian ſhall covenant to add to the library books to the amount of ten guineas coſt annually, at his own expence, ſuch as the truſtees ſhall think proper to direct.

There ſhall be 100 ſubſcribers at ten guineas each, payable on the arrival of the books, and eſtabliſhment of the library, and each of the ſubſcribers ſhall be entitled, for the ſaid ſubſcription, to read the books of the library for ten ſucceſſive years. Every ſubſcriber ſhall have the privilege of transferring his intereſt in the library at any time.

The library ſhall be duly attended by Joſeph Clark, his heirs or aſſigns.

The books purchaſed ſhall be the property of the ſubſcribers for the ten ſucceſſive years; at the end of that period they ſhall become the property of Joſeph Clark, his heirs or aſſigns. A compenſation for ten years ſervices as agent and librarian.

The terms that the ſubſcribers ſhall be furniſhed with books from the library, and all other buſineſs relative thereto, ſhall be by the direction of a committee of three truſtees, to be choſen immediately after the ſubſcription is made up, and they are to be annually rechoſen from among the ſubſcribers by a majority of their voices.

A room ſhall be fitted up, and taken care of, in the city of Annapolis, at the expence of the librarian, ſufficiently commodious to contain all the books, for the uſe of the ſubſcribers. A printed catalogue ſhall be prepared for each ſubſcriber.

A general catalogue, to be made out by the firſt appointed truſtees, ſhall be as far as poſſible completed.

Several gentlemen have ſuggeſted the following addition to the above propoſals:

After the ſubſcription is made up and the truſtees elected, they ſhall have power to determine whether the library ſhall be kept the property of the ſubſcribers, they engaging an houſe and librarian to take care of it.

Gentlemen wiſhing to promote this uſeful plan, on thoſe, or any other propoſals, are requeſted to forward as ſoon as poſſible, their intention to the ſubſcriber.

JOSEPH CLARK.

Annapolis, February 27, 1793. 4

Head of Severn, March 6, 1793.

THE ſubſcriber having hitherto ſuſtained conſiderable inconvenience by certain perſons pulling and leaving his fencing down, hereby forwarns all manner of perſons whatever from hunting on his land with either dog or gun, or paſſing through any of his encloſures, either on foot or horſeback, as he is determined in future to proſecute all thoſe who violate this notice, with the utmoſt rigour of the law.

3X THOMAS WARFIELD.

LAND for SALE.

For SALE, in Prince-William county, in the ſtate of Virginia,

BETWEEN five and ſix thouſand acres of LAND, the property of the ſubſcribers. This land lies near and adjoining to Occoquan-Run; it will be laid off in lots to ſuit purchaſers, and good titles made thereto by the ſubſcribers. On this land there is a valuable mill-ſeat, as alſo a ſituation for a furnace, worth attention. For terms, &c. &c. apply to WILLIAM BEALE, jun. at Tayloe's Neabſco furnace, near Dumfries, Virginia, who is appointed our agent to ſell the ſame.

JOHN TAYLOE,
PRESLY THORNTON.

February, 1793. 4X

SCHEME

OF

WILLIAM ALLEIN's LAND, &c.

LOTTERY.

No. 1,	1 Prize of 529 acres of woodland lying on Bennet's creek, in Montgomery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city, -		793	10
2,	1 ditto of 40 acres of valuable land, moſtly wood, lying and adjoining the waters about three miles from Lower-Marlborough,		328	0 0
3,	1 ditto of 20 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood, -		200	0 0
4,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 3, ditto, -		100	0 0
5,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 4, ditto, -		100	0 0
6,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 5, ditto, - -		100	0 0
7,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 6, ditto, - -		100	0 0
	1 ditto of 100 dollars caſh, -		37	10 0
	21 ditto of 8 ditto each ditto, -		63	0 0
	145 ditto of 8 ditto, payable in genuine Scotch ſnuff at 4s. per pound in, bottles, -		435	0 0
	Firſt drawn blank, - -		1	0 0
	173 Prizes. 577 Blanks.	£.	2250	0 0
	750 Tickets, at £. 3 each,	£.	2250	0 0

MANAGERS,

John Muir, Annapolis; Benjamin Stoddert, Georgetown; James Belt, Queen-Anne; John Brooke, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Tillard, Pig-Point; Robert Bowie, Nottingham; Truman Compton, Magruder's; John Forbes, Benedict; James Somerville, Thomas Harwood, junior, Joſeph Wilkinſon, William Grahame, Peter Emmerſon, Charles Williamſon, John Cheſley, Thomas Parran, Henry Huntt, Calvert county; of whom tickets may be had, and of all the merchants on Patuxent.

No. 1, contains all woodland, Bennet's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of the federal city, fully worth the eſtimated amount. 2 to 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Marlborough, where wood commands 20s. per cord, the cartage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, with general warrantees, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be ſeen with each of the managers. The caſh prizes to be paid on demand; the ſnuff warranted genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Marlborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco, on Patuxent, will be taken in payment at the market prices. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to thoſe who pay the caſh before the day of drawing. The lottery is purpoſed to be drawn on the third Tueſday in June next, if the tickets are all ſold, at Lower-Marlborough. Notice will be given of the time, and a liſt of the fortunate numbers publiſhed immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at the market price, if delivered at the ſubſcriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery.

W. ALLEIN.

Raleigh's Plant, March, 1792. 3Y

In CHANCERY, March 1, 1793.

ORDERED, That the report of Clement Smith, truſtee for ſale of a tract of land in Calvert county, called HALL's CRAFT, the property of Clement Smith, deceaſed, be approved, and that the ſale by him made, as ſtated in the ſaid report, be approved, ratified and confirmed, unleſs cauſe to the contrary be ſhewn, on or before the firſt Tueſday in May next; provided a copy of this order be inſerted in the Maryland Gazette three weeks ſucceſſively before the twelfth day of April next. Ordered likewiſe, that the creditors of the ſaid Clement Smith, deceaſed, have public notice to exhibit their claims, with the vouchers thereof, to the chancellor, on or before the ſaid firſt Tueſday of May next, and that the publication as aforeſaid of this order be conſidered as notice.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can. 3X

THE ſubſcriber propoſes, in the enſuing ſpring, to have a number of STAVES, of different kinds, made on his land, ſituated about eight miles from George-town, and five from Bridge-town, at the head of Cheſter, Kent county, in this ſtate, and about eight miles from Duck-creek, in the ſtate of Delaware. He wiſhes to put the buſineſs into the hands of a careful and experienced perſon, who is to procure ſuch workmen under him as may be neceſſary, can give good ſecurity, if required, for any engagements he may enter into, and will prepare the STAVES for whatever market they are intended for, at his own expence. He would prefer paying the perſon he contracts with a certain proportion of the net profits ariſing from the ſale of the ſtaves, to giving a fixed price. As ſome parts of the timber will not anſwer for ſtaves, but may ſuit for ſhip-building, he means to have ſuch parts prepared for that purpoſe. Any perſon inclined to undertake the buſineſs, is requeſted to make known his propoſals, in writing, between this and the 10th day of March next.

He will alſo diſpoſe of a number of TREES, ſtanding, if a generous offer is made.

WALTER DULANY.

Annapolis, December 28, 1792. 9

SCHEME

OF A

LOTTERY

For the purpoſe of diſpoſing of valuable property in the diſtrict of COLUMBIA, conſiſting of three tracts or lots of LAND about one mile north of the city of WASHINGTON; and fourteen lots in the lower part of the town of GEORGE-TOWN, as follows:

LOT No. 1, contains 107 acres, on it are 18 acres of meadow-ground, and a promiſing young apple orchard containing 175 bearing trees of choice fruit. At the weſtern extremities thereof is a delightful eminence that commands a view of the river Potowmack and city of Waſhington. This lot contains about 16 acres of wood-land, lies upon a main road, and is not more than one mile from the city of Waſhington.

LOT No. 2, contains 84 acres, and bounds with the preceding lot; about 35 acres thereof are in wood, and about 17 acres in meadow-ground. This lot is bounded on the weſt by the meandering waters of the Piny-Branch. On this ſtream is a fall of 21 feet, and abounds with quarries of excellent building ſtone. On this lot are two beautiful ſituations for houſes.

LOT No. 3, contains 39 acres, and bounds with lot No. 1. This lot contains 20 acres of wood, and has on it a beautiful eminence for a houſe as a country ſeat.

The fourteen lots in George-Town are at the end of the town which is contiguous to the city of Waſhington, and are all advantageous and beautiful ſituations.

4000 Tickets at 35s. each, dollars at 7s. 6d. is £. 7000

No. 1,	1 prize of 107 acres of land at £. 20 per acre		2140	0 0
2,	1 do. of 84 do. do.		1680	0 0
3,	1 do. of 39 do. do.		780	0 0
1 to 14,	14 lots in George-town, at 65l. each,		910	0 0
	1 prize in caſh,		100	0 0
	1 ditto,		50	0 0
	1 ditto,		46	0 0
	647 ditto, of 40s. each,		1294	0 0
	667 Prizes. 3333 Blanks.	£.	7000	

MANAGERS.

Robert Peter, colonel William Deakins, Benjamin Stoddert, Thomas Beall of George, John Threlkeld, and Samuel Davidſon, Eſquires, George-Town. George Walker, Eſquire, city of Waſhington. Wallace and Muir, and John Davidſon, Eſquires, Annapolis.

This ſcheme contains ſeveral very valuable lots of land contiguous to the city of Waſhington, whoſe increaſe in value will keep pace with the growth of the riſing empire of the United States of America—Hence, therefore, without any further definition, it will be evident that for the ſmall ſum of one Guinea a valuable and beautiful country ſeat may be obtained in the vicinity of the capital of America; or a lot in a town now poſſeſſing an extenſive commerce.

The ſubſcriber propoſes drawing this Lottery in George-Town, on the firſt Monday in May next, or ſooner, if the tickets are all ſold, which he flatters himſelf will be the caſe from his preſent proſpects. Deeds, with a general warranty, will immediately be given for the lots of land, and the money for the caſh prizes will be paid on demand. Notice will be given of the drawing in the public papers, and a liſt of the fortunate numbers will be immediately publiſhed. The crop now on the lots is reſerved to the ſubſcriber. A plot of the lots may be ſeen at Mr. George Mann's.

☞ TICKETS may be had of Meſſrs. Wallace and Muir, John Davidſon, Eſquires, and Mr. George Mann.

3Y JOHN THOMAS BOUCHER.

CONSTANT attendance will be given, by the COMMISSIONERS of the federal buildings, or by a perſon properly authoriſed by them, at their office in George-town, from the *firſt day of April* to the *firſt day of May next*, to execute aſſignments and allotments of lands in the CITY of WASHINGTON. The proprietors thereof, whoſe lands have been conveyed in truſt, or ſubjected by the act of aſſembly, concerning the territory of Columbia and the city of Waſhington, to the terms and conditions of the deeds in truſt of the lands in the city, are requeſted to attend, that allotments may be made by agreement; for the commiſſioners, after the *firſt day of May*, will proceed to make allotments, agreeably to the directions of the above recited act of aſſembly. The other proprietors are hereby informed, that proceſs will iſſue after the *firſt day of May next*, to have their lands valued, if the ſame are not conveyed on the uſual terms before that time. For the convenience of ſuch, proprietors deeds will be left at Annapolis, with Mr. Thomas Buchanan; at Baltimore, with Mr. Archibald Robinſon; at Upper-Marlborough, with Mr. David Crawford, and at George-town, with

JOHN M. GANTT, Clerk to the commiſſioners.

10 George-town, December 4, 1792.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.